

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Thomas Hafner DOCKET NO.: 11-32512.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 15-13-304-019-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Thomas Hafner, the appellant, by attorney Glenn S. Guttman, of Rieff Schramm Kanter & Guttman in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$2,137
IMPR.:	\$21,436
TOTAL:	\$23,573

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2011 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story, multi-family dwelling of masonry construction. The dwelling is approximately 103 years old and has 2,710 square feet of living area and a full basement finished with an apartment. The property has a 4,500 square foot site and is located in Forest Park, Proviso Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-11 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance. Docket No: 11-32512.001-R-1

The appellant's appeal is based on overvaluation. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted limited evidence disclosing the subject property was purchased on May 26, 2011 for a price of \$95,000. The appellant did not complete Section IV -Recent Sale Data of the residential appeal form. The appellant disclosed the name of the seller, the parties to the transaction were not related, and the property was sold by the owner. The appellant did not answer questions that asked if the property had been advertised for sale, if the property sold in settlement of a foreclosure, and if the seller's mortgage had been assumed. To document the transaction, the appellant submitted copies of the settlement statement and the warranty deed. The settlement statement revealed that commissions had been paid to two realty firms. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$23,573. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$248,398 or \$91.66 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2011 three year average median level of assessments for class 2 property of 9.49% under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue. In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four comparable sales.

The appellant's attorney submitted a rebuttal brief.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

In this appeal, both parties presented evidence of market value. The Board considered the May 2011 sale of the subject property relied on by the appellant and the comparable sales submitted by the board of review. The Board gave less weight to the subject's sale because the appellant failed to demonstrate the sale had the necessary elements of an arm's length transaction. The appellant submitted limited evidence and failed to demonstrate the subject had been exposed to the open market. The appellant did not answer questions that asked if the property had been advertised on the open market, how it was advertised and for how long. Furthermore, the appellant did not submit any documentation to address the subject's exposure to the market. Docket No: 11-32512.001-R-1

The Board finds the best evidence of market value in the record to be the board of review comparable sales. These properties were similar to the subject in varying degrees. Although the board of review comparables were assigned different neighborhood codes than the subject, their parcel index numbers revealed they were located in the same general area as the subject. Moreover, the board of review comparables sold proximate to the January 1, 2011 assessment date. The board of review comparables sold from November 2009 to July 2011 for prices that ranged from \$102.27 to \$229.86 per square foot of living area, land included. These sales undermine the appellant's claim that the subject's sale price was reflective of market value. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$91.66 per square foot of living area, land included, which falls below the range established by the board of review's comparable sales.

Based on this evidence, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Chairman

Member

Member

Member

DISSENTING:

<u>CERTIFICATION</u>

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

March 18, 2016

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

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Acting Member

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"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.