

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Milenko & Yovanka Djokic

DOCKET NO.: 11-04830.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 14-22-309-003

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Milenko & Yovanka Djokic, the appellants; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$77,493 **IMPR.:** \$272,139 **TOTAL:** \$349,632

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellants timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2011 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story dwelling of brick exterior construction with 5,688 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2005. Features of the home include an unfinished basement, central air conditioning, two fireplaces and a 936 square foot attached garage. The property

has a 30,928 square foot site and is located in Kildeer, Ela Township, Lake County.

The appellants contend overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellants submitted an appraisal estimating the subject property had a market value of \$750,000 as of January 1, 2011.

The appellants also submitted a sales grid of three additional sales for the Boards consideration.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal. The Notice of Findings by the Lake County Board of Review submitted by the appellants disclosed the total assessment for the subject of \$349,632. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$1,078,445 or \$189.60 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2011 three year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 32.42% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

As to the appellants' evidence, the board of review argued the appellants' appraiser selected three comparables located outside of the subject's immediate development, with one of the three located in a different town.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on three comparable sales located within .36 of a mile from the subject and on the same street as the subject.

Conclusion of Law

The appellants contend the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellants did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the appellants' comparable sale #3 and board of review comparable sales #1 and #2. These comparables sold for prices ranging from \$152.43 to \$201.64 per square foot of living area, including

The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$189.60 per square foot of living area, including land, which is within the range established by the best comparable sales in the record. Based on this evidence the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified. The Board gave less weight the appellants' appraisal report due to the appraiser's selection of comparables more distant from the subject than the comparables offered in the appellants' sales grid and the board of review's sales grid or the selection of a comparable significantly smaller, when compared to the subject. gave less weight to the appellants' sales grid comparables #1 and #2 due to their sale dates occurring greater than 17 months after the subject's January 1, 2011 assessment date. The Board also gave less weight to board of review comparable #3 due to its sale date occurring greater than 19 months prior to the subject's January 1, 2011 assessment date.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Smald R. Crit Chairman Member Member Mauro Illinino Member Member DISSENTING:

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

> February 20, 2015 Date:

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.