

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Nick Christy
DOCKET NO.: 10-26616.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 26-08-329-036-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Nick Christy, the appellant, by attorney Brian P. Liston of the Law Offices of Liston & Tsantilis, P.C. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds  $\underline{no\ change}$  in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$2,135 **IMPR.:** \$16,173 **TOTAL:** \$18,308

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

## Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2010 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

## Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a two-story building of masonry construction with both a retail storefront and residential use. The subject has 2,808 square feet of building area and is approximately 93 years old. The property has a 3,050 square foot site and is located in Chicago, Hyde Park Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a class 2-12 mixed use

property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted limited information on four suggested comparable sales.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$18,308. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$183,080 or \$65.20 per square foot of building area, including land, when applying the Cook County level of assessment for class 2 property of 10%.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on three equity comparables.

The board of review also submitted a list of 20 sales of similar mixed-use class 2-12 properties from the subject's Hyde Park neighborhood that occurred from June 1990 to January 2008 for prices ranging from \$27,500 to \$435,000. The subject's sale in April 2006 sale was included in the list. No other information regarding the characteristics of the properties was submitted for analysis.

### Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be appellant's comparable sale #1 and the board of review's list of 20 sales of similar mixed-use class 2-12 properties from the subject's Hyde Park neighborhood. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's comparables #2 through #4 due to their apparent dissimilar multi-family only use. The Board finds that based on the photographic evidence in the appellant's appeal, these properties appear to lack the retail portion of the mixed-use

classification, unlike the subject. Furthermore, the Board finds that based on the limited information in the appellant's sales grid, including the Cook County assessment class, the Board cannot discern whether these properties are mixed-use class 2-12 properties. The Board gave less weight to the equity comparables presented by the board of review. The Board finds this evidence is not responsive to the overvaluation argument made by the appellant. The appellant's comparable #1 and the similar mixed-use class 2-12 properties in this record sold for prices ranging from \$27,500 to \$435,000, including the subject's sale in April 2006 for \$250,000. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$183,080, which is within the range established by the class 2-12 sales in this record. Based on this evidence the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

	Chairman
21. Fem	Mauro Morios
Member	Member
a R	Jerry White
Member	Acting Member
Sobert Stoffen	
Acting Member	
DISSENTING:	

## CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	November 20, 2015
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•	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.