



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: John V. Kalabich  
DOCKET NO.: 10-24523.001-C-1 through 10-24523.002-C-1  
PARCEL NO.: See Below

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are John V. Kalabich, the appellant(s), by attorney Donald T. Rubin, of Rubin & Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds no change in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

DOCKET NO	PARCEL NUMBER	LAND	IMPRVMT	TOTAL
10-24523.001-C-1	26-06-416-013-0000	3,656	31,500	\$35,156
10-24523.002-C-1	26-06-416-014-0000	3,656	31,500	\$35,156

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2010 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board (Board) finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a 6,500 square foot parcel of land improved with a 61-year old, one-story, commercial building containing 3,750 square feet of building area. The property is

located in Hyde Park Township, Cook County and is classified as 5-17 property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted sales information on nine comparables.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$70,312. The subject's total assessment reflects a market value of \$281,248 or \$75.00 per square foot of building area using the Cook County Ordinance level of assessment of 25% for class 5 properties.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted five sales comparables.

In rebuttal, the appellant submitted a letter asserting that several of the board of review's comparables do not accurately reflect the market as of the lien date or are not arm's length transactions. The appellant argued that the board of review's evidence shows a subsequent sale for comparable #5 which is more reflective of the 2010 market; this sale is included in the appellant's evidence as comparable #8.

#### **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant has not met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the appellant's comparables #2, #3, and #5 through #9 and the board of review's comparables #1, #4, and subsequent sale of #5. These properties sold from January 2008 to December 2010 for prices ranging from \$38.22 to \$134.81 per square foot. In comparison, the appellant's assessment reflects a market value of \$75.00 per square foot which is within the range established

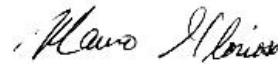
by the comparables. Based on the record and after adjustments to the comparables, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that the subject was overvalued and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

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Chairman



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Member



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Member



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Member

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Acting Member



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Acting Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: February 19, 2016



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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.