



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: John Kurek  
DOCKET NO.: 10-22347.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 14-30-409-035-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are John Kurek, the appellant(s), by attorney Frederick F. Richards III, of Thompson Coburn LLP in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds no change in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$ 36,000  
**IMPR.:** \$ 34,673  
**TOTAL:** \$ 70,673

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2010 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

**Findings of Fact**

The subject property consists of a 7,500 square foot parcel of land that is improved with two improvements. Improvement #1 is a two-story frame multi-family dwelling. It has 2,857 square feet of dwelling area. Improvement #2 is a 4,920 square foot mixed-use building. It has 4,920 square feet of building area. The subject property is located in Lake View Township, Cook County. Both of the subject improvements are classified as class 2 properties under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on five equity comparables. The Board notes that the appellant's evidence only contains information regarding the subject mixed-use building (Improvement #2). The appellant did not submit information regarding the subject residential dwelling (Improvement #1).

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$70,673. Improvement #1 has an improvement assessment of \$6,073 or \$2.13 per square foot of living area. Improvement #2 has an improvement assessment of \$28,600 or \$5.81 per square foot of building area. In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on three equity comparables with regard to Improvement #1 and three comparables with regard to Improvement #2.

#### **Conclusion of Law**

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

With regard to Improvement #1, the Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the board of review comparables. These comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$11.48 to \$14.83 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$2.13 per square foot of living area falls below the range established by the best comparables in this record.

With regard to Improvement #2, the Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be appellant's comparables #3 and #4 and the board of review comparable and #3. These comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$4.75 to \$8.42 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$5.81 per square foot of living area falls within the range established by the best comparables in this record.

Based on this record the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the either of the subject improvements was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

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Chairman

*K. L. Ferr*

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Member

*JR*

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Member

*Mark Morris*

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Member

*Jerry White*

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Acting Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: August 21, 2015

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*A. Proctor*

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Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing

complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.