



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Vivian Morici
DOCKET NO.: 09-21462.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 14-29-207-046-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Vivian Morici, the appellant, by attorney Richard J. Caldarazzo, of Mar Cal Law, P.C. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds a reduction in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$ 17,400
IMPR.: \$105,211
TOTAL: \$122,611

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2009 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property has a 3,000 square foot site improved with two buildings. Improvement #1 is a 111-year old three-story multi-family dwelling of masonry construction, containing 4,037 square feet of living area, and featuring a full basement and central air conditioning. Improvement #2 is a 111-year old two-story building of frame construction, containing 1,603 square feet, and featuring an full unfinished basement.

The property is located in Lake View Township, Cook County. Under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance, improvement #1 of the subject is classified as 2-11 property, which is an apartment building. Improvement #2 is classified as 2-03 property, which is a one-story residence.

The appellant contends assessment inequity and a contention of law as the bases of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on three suggested equity comparables.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$130,769. Improvement #1 of the subject is assessed at \$68,148 or \$16.88 per square foot of living area; improvement #2 of the subject is assessed at \$45,221 or \$28.21 per square foot of living area. Total improved assessment for both improvements is \$113,369.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on three equity comparables for each of improvements #1 and #2. The comparables for improvement #1 range from \$15.54 to \$46.56 per square foot. The comparables for improvement #2 range from \$28.63 to \$35.59 per square feet.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant met this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity for improvement #1 to be the appellant's comparables #2 and #3, and the board of review's comparable #1. These comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$14.25 to \$15.54 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$16.88 per square foot of living area with 4,037 square feet falls above the range established by the best comparables in this record.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity for improvement #2 to be the board of review's comparables #1 through #3. These comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$28.63 to \$35.59 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$28.21 per square foot of

living area with 1,603 square feet falls below the range established by the best comparables in this record.

Based on this record the Board finds the appellant did demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Donald R. Cuit

Chairman

K. L. Fern

Member

Tracy A. Huff

Member

Marko M. Lott

Member

J. R.

Member

DISSENTING: _____

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: February 20, 2015

A. P. ...

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing

complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.