PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD'S DECISION

APPELLANT: Garbis

DOCKET NO.: 01-22821.001-C-1 and 01-22821.002-C-1

PARCEL NO.: 19-09-100-014 and 19-09-100-015

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board (hereinafter PTAB) are Garbis, the appellant, by attorney Arnold G. Siegel in Chicago and the Cook County Board of Review.

The subject property consists of two parcels of land containing 6,300 square feet and improved with a 23-year old, one-story, masonry constructed, commercial building with 950 square feet of building area. The appellant, via counsel, argued that the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in the property's assessed valuation as the basis of this appeal.

In support of the market value argument, the appellant submitted an appraisal of the subject property with an effective date of January 1, 2002. The appraiser used the sales comparison approach to value to arrive at market value of \$95,000. The appraiser determined that the highest and best use to be its current use.

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Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds \underline{a} reduction in the assessment of the property as established by the \underline{Cook} County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

DOCKET #	PIN	LAND	IMPRVMNT	TOTAL
01-22821.001-C-1	19-09-100-014	\$5,711	\$24,406	\$30,117
01-22821.002-C-1	19-09-100-015	\$5,711	\$ 272	\$ 5,983

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

PTAB/0629JBV

Under the sales comparison approach to value, the appraiser utilized four suggested comparable sales located in the same market as the subject. The comparables consist of one-story, concrete or structural brick, commercial buildings. The comparables range: in age from 33 to 44 years; in size from 1,200 to 2,400 square feet of building area; and in land to building ratio from 1.25:1 to 3.02:1. The properties sold from November 1999 to August 2001 for prices ranging from \$100,000 to \$193,000 or from \$77.30 to \$101.38 per square foot of building area. The appraiser made several adjustments to the comparables. Based on this, the appraiser determined the subject property's value using the sales comparison approach to be \$95,000 rounded.

The board of review submitted "Board of Review-Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's total assessment was \$54,149. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$142,497 using the level of assessment of 38% for Class 5A property as contained in the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance. The board also submitted raw sale information for four properties suggested as comparable to the subject. These comparables are all located within the subject's market and are improved with one-story, masonry or concrete commercial building. These buildings ranged in age from 22 to 62 years and in size from 976 to 1,500 square feet of building area. The comparables sold from December 1999 to November 2001 for prices ranging from \$140,000 to \$210,000 or from \$123.33 to \$171.43 per square foot of building area. As a result of its analysis, the board requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

After considering the evidence and reviewing the record, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal.

When overvaluation is claimed the appellant has the burden of proving the value of the property by a preponderance of the evidence. National City Bank of Michigan/Illinois v. Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board, 331Ill.App.3d 1038 (3rd Dist. 2002); Winnebago County Board of Review v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 313 Ill.App.3d 179 (2rd Dist. 2000). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal, a recent arm's length sale of the subject property, recent sales of comparable properties, or recent construction costs of the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code 1910.65(c). Having considered the evidence presented, the PTAB concludes that the evidence indicates a reduction is warranted.

In determining the fair market value of the subject property, the PTAB finds the best evidence to be the appellant's appraisal. The appellant's appraiser utilized the sales comparison approach to value in determining the subject's market value. The PTAB finds

this appraisal to be persuasive for the appraiser: has experience in appraising; personally inspected the subject property and reviewed the property's history; estimated a highest and best use for the subject property; utilized appropriate market data in undertaking the sales comparison approach to value; and lastly, used similar properties in the sales comparison approach while providing sufficient detail regarding each sale as well as adjustments that were necessary. The PTAB gives little weight to the board of review's comparables as the information provided was raw sales data with no adjustments made.

Therefore, the PTAB finds that the subject property contained a market value of \$95,000 for the 2001 assessment triennial. Since the market value of the subject has been established, the Cook County Real Property Classification Ordinance level of assessments for Cook County Class 5A property of 38% will apply. In applying this level of assessment to the subject, the total assessed value is \$36,100 while the subject's current total assessed value is above this amount at \$54,149. Therefore, the PTAB finds that a reduction is warranted.

Docket No. 01-22821.001-C-1 and 01-22821.002-C-1

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Chairma	n en
Walter R. Lorski	Huche for Soul
Member	Member
Sharon U. Thompson	
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

${\tt C E R T I F I C A T I O N}$

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: April 1, 2008

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A $\underline{\text{PETITION}}$ AND $\underline{\text{EVIDENCE}}$ WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.